

The Role of Security and Stability and its Importance to Achieve Sustainable Development

دور الاستقرار الأمني وأهميته في تحقيق الاستدامة في التنمية

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Abstract:

The concept of security in the modern era is considered one of most prominent rules of civilizations. It is a dynamic element that leads to the development of a society. The modern societies need stability, tranquillity, security, dignity and a better life.

The study focuses on the increasing interest in issues and human needs for security in contemporary societies, due to tremendous changes that occur in the world, including all aspects of societal human life, legal, material, and spiritual. So, it is necessary to formulate a comprehensive national strategy for human security that sets a general framework for the development and the prosperity of society, by defining goals, interests, and priorities for social development, including policies that reflect the needs and aspirations of society. The measurement of the progress of nations, their civilization, and their progress is through maintaining security, preserving the dignity of the citizen, and achieving development in all areas of human society.

Keywords:

Role, stability, security, importance, sustainability, development .

Introduction

The concept of security in the modern era is considered to be one of the most important factors by which the civilizations raise. It is the implication of a safe climate and stable societies enjoy tranquillity, security and stability.

The security aims to preserve human dignity, as well as meeting his moral and material needs. The main approach here is that security can be achieved by following rational development policies. That is to say that the military threat is not the only danger, but the threat can take the form of economic deprivation. It has also the form of the absence of equality and adequate guarantees for basic human rights and freedoms. Achieving human security requires a sustainable economic development, preserving basic human rights and good governance.

The nation that aspires for social progress must preserve security at the individual and social levels. The history and experiences of ancient civilization confirmed this reality. There is no creativity without stability, and no scientific, social, or economic renaissance without security.

The main topic of the study revolves around the growing interest and human needs for security in contemporary societies, due to the immense changes of today's world.

It is necessary to adopt a national strategy for human security that sets a general framework for development and prosperity of society by defining social goals and interests and priorities for national development, including policies that reflect the needs and aspirations of society. The measurement of the progress, nations is through establishing security, preserving the dignity of the citizen, and achieving social development.

Since security is a basic need for individuals. So, it is necessary for states and governments to develop their social, economic and humanitarian role with various sectors of society to achieve economic security, in accordance with the rule of law.

The objective of the research is to analyse social, security and economic developments in Arab societies, by involving citizens in the process of development in an appropriate ways with regard to the following points:

- Strengthening and developing the research and the development in various fields through linking research and development.
- Establishing new strategic fields to meet research needs by adopting effective mechanisms to strengthen the relationship between scientific research and academic development institutions and laboratories.
- Considering that security is an integral part of the system of development in the society as a whole,
- Enhancing security awareness among categories of citizens and stretching their role in maintaining social stability.
- Conducting studies to identify negative social phenomena in coordination with civil society organizations that aim to combat violence in its various forms,

- Supporting security agencies and organizations to spread information related to the field of investigation.
- Mobilizing the national effort with all its organizations to achieve the comprehensive security vision, which preserves the entity of the state and safeguards the rights of the people against internal or external dangers?
- Making a change in the social institutions of the Algerian state and the neighbouring Arab countries in a way that serves the achievement of development goals.

Firstly: The concept of security stability and its dimensions.

The concept of security in general refers to absence of fear. It is an emotional state, so it has no value if it does not become a real perception of safety among people.¹

The concept of social safety and security has occupied a prominent place in psychological, educational and social studies because of its close connection to the psychological health, safety and absence of disturbances. It is a state of a well-being, satisfaction and enjoyment of life. Psychological studies motivations agree that the security is among the basic needs.

These are life-preserving needs, such as eating, drinking, and breathing. This was expressed by McDougall and later by Maslow in the hierarchy of needs. According to Maslow the primary the basic needs are situated in the low of the pyramid. If they are satisfied, the person aspires to achieve security and safety. In this kind of situation, the individuals feel comfortable and in harmony with people around them. As they are free from fear, anxiety, conflicts and pain, if the individual fails to achieve security, he will not move to the next level of needs, where self-esteem and then self-realization are achieved. The absence of satisfying the security drive paralyzes the individual's movement towards progress and achieving relative human perfection.²

1. Definition of security stability

Security means stability, safety, and to be away from dangers. It is a kind of feeling that nothing bad is expected in the present and future times, and it's also the opposite of fear, which means panic and loss of reassurance.³

Many scholars have addressed the term security with definition and specificity. Al-Hiti defined the security as all measures taken to preserve the state's secrets and secure its individuals, facilities, and vital interests. It means reassurance, calm, and the ability to confront events and emergencies without disturbance.⁴

Al-Huwaimel defined it as the protection of individuals from needs and from any aggression against them. It refers also to the comfort, tranquillity, and the progress in any aspect of life.⁵

Al-Khademi defined it as an individual's safety about his religion, soul, mind, family, and all his rights, and absence of fear at the present time or in the time to come, inside and outside his country, from the enemy, and others. This vision is in

accordance with the teachings of Islam and the guidance of revelation. It takes into account morals, customs, and covenants.⁶

Muhammad Amara defined it as the tranquillity that opposes fear, panic, and terror for the individual or the group, in all areas, in all kinds of and transactions, in this life and in the afterlife.⁷ The Kuwaiti Jurisprudence Encyclopaedia defines security according to Muslim jurists as what people can be reassured about their religion, themselves, their money, their honour, their of thinking to about the benefit of their nation.⁸

The Royal Jordanian National Defence College defines national security as the human political and social image of the real situation of society It is a dynamic, concept that interacts within three areas (local, regional, and international) including the security of the citizen and his property, history, heritage, beliefs and his basic freedoms. As well as the sovereignty of the state, the integrity of its territory and political borders, the relative freedom of its decision, its internal security and social stability, and its ability to achieve development .The concept of security comprises three basic elements:

- 1 - The need for a strong state defines capability to face strategic threats,
- 2 - The citizen's need for internal security and stability,
- 3 – The Society's need for growth and development.

The lack of these elements will inevitably lead to distortions in the structure of state security, as national security lies in this balance.⁹ Security is a goal that can be achieved thoughtful plans as one of the most important factors of development .In order to achieve these goals, it is necessary to take into account the following points:

Taking care of educational institutions at various levels that instil security and awareness. Therefore, adopting principles concerned with awareness and guidance for members of society is one of the foundations for protecting society from deviance and danger. The security plays an important role in fighting crimes et its negatives repercussions.¹⁰

Security strategies are important because they are considered a guide by which leaders direct and decide the state's security policy in its internal and external dimensions. Hence, the relationship between the security and foreign policy are very close .The growing influence of the security represents the main principles that help statesmen to define the geopolitical interests of their state and determine the priorities. It also helps the state to interact with the prominent and latent threats and challenges facing its security at the near, medium and long-terms.¹¹

The Social, economic, political, civilizational, and cultural developments have directly affected the contemporary state structures. Therefore, it was necessary for the security services to respond directly, sophisticatedly, and thoughtfully to these influences in a way that supports their strength, training, organization, and material capabilities on the one hand .They should also to develop their various security procedures to be is consistent with contemporary changes and developments. These procedures have many advantages to confront the negative and harmful sides, and

activates the participation of community members in combating crime and building a good relationship between the security services and community members.

In this context, the duties of the security services have expanded to include social and humanitarian fields that contribute to create an appropriate, safe and stable environment for members of society, increasing and activating care services for citizens and then achieve the concept of comprehensive security in its various dimensions.¹²

Thus, we can say that contemporary changes have necessitated looking at the security issue as it concerns all members of society, and therefore it has become necessary for all official and private bodies of society to participate in supporting the role of security services. Therefore, the security objectives must be instilled in the minds of young people through social, educational, religious and media institutions, starting with the family, school, mosque, media, local community and other institutions and bodies related to national education.

It is important to educate citizens and members of society to ensure their commitment to the religious, moral, societal and legal systems, values and controls of society, and motivate them to participate in achieving comprehensive security with the participation of all people, in accordance with the social, regional and international trends and emphasize the contribution of public support in the security field to achieve national development goals.¹³

2 .Security is a collective responsibility and a future development vision

Security is a collective responsibility in which all members of society and its various institutions in the public and private sectors participate. Societies have sought in their various period of development establish security in their areas by all means available, influenced by the mutual social interactions between the components of society, including institutions and individuals. In fact, the complexity of society increased, its institutions multiplied to achieve social welfare programs and services . Social Welfare is all of the curative, preventive, and constructive efforts and services that it undertakes. Governmental, civil and international institutions to meet the current and future needs of individuals in order to achieve growth and human prosperity for members of society and lead them to a better life.¹⁴

There is no doubt that building a strong relationship based on understanding and cooperation between community institutions and security services is a require a a great efforts to achieve the goals of security and development desired by members of society seeking progress, which will not be achieved without members of society contributions and assistance. It is not an exaggeration to say that any security system will not carry out their missions without being a special relationship linking it with the population.¹⁵

The relation between security services and members of society should be strong. It is often noted that some citizens are still reluctant to cooperate with these agencies, and that some security men still commit many mistakes during daily work, which negatively affects the image of the security man in the minds of citizens.¹⁶

The role of educational institutions and the family in cooperating and coordinating with police agencies to combat crime to spread the concept of stability emerges essentially from the directives of the Islamic religion. The Islamic religion support what is right and forbid what is wrong .All this guidance are clearly mentioned by Almighty God in Imran verse (104) and Imran verse (110).

Therefore, maintaining security and combating crime is not only the responsibility of the police, but the individual's responsibility towards the security of society is considered a religious duty urged by Islamic law. It is possible for educational institutions and families to cooperate with the police to spread the concept of security in the community through the following actions:

1 - Raising children to obey the laws and regulations. The individual who adheres to the laws, regulations, and instructions issued pursuant to them and complies with their directives achieves the goal of the security services.

2 - Taking appropriate measures to prevent the occurrence of crime. This matter requires raising children to be careful to prevent crime and to take appropriate measures to stay away from criminals, and to raise them on good morals, upright behaviour, respect for the rights of the neighbour, and not to attack others.¹⁷

3 - Spreading the concept of community safety requires the cooperation of citizens with police officers to immediately report criminals. This matter requires raising children on the importance of reporting crimes and submitting reports and complaints, on the basis that helps ti detect crimes and facilitate the punishment of their perpetrators. Noting that reporting crimes in a timely manner helps police officers achieve their goals of protecting lives, money, and honour.

4 - Raising children to have the courage to testify if they are asked to do so, because this helps the security personnel to control the crime and identify its perpetrators.

5 -Assisting the police in arresting the perpetrators. This step can be done by educating the children and encouraging them to cooperate with the police in pursuing the criminals.¹⁸

Family stability is one of the most important factors that help to raise children and protect them from deviance. This matter requires that parents have good morals and prevent family from problems that lead to family disintegration and children's homelessness. Studies have proven that family problems lead to cases of anxiety to children .So family stability is considered as one of the factors that help limit the spread of crime.¹⁹

The general goals and principles of security education are as follows:

- Educating and raising the citizen through Islamic upbringing, in accordance with the components and values included in the Islamic faith.
- Strengthening national belonging and national identity.
- Enhancing security awareness among students regarding their roles in maintaining security.
- Consolidating the principle of social responsibility.

- Deepening the concept of comprehensive security by establishing belonging, loyalty and responsibility.
- Promoting correct legal awareness among members of the educational community regarding issues of fanaticism, extremism and terrorism.
- Protecting juveniles and youth from falling into crime.
- Instilling positive skills and values to interact with the current data.
- Providing the individual with the skills of objective thinking and critical thinking to distinguish between valid and invalid ideas.
- Raising awareness of the dangers of drug abuse and various psychotropic substances and their social impacts on the individual and society.²⁰

Secondly: The relationship between security and development

We can say that development has not an exact that satisfies all scholars. However, development generally refers to the required social and economic progress. The concept of development includes the improving of basic living conditions, the economic growth. In addition to this, development includes the improvements of conditions of life, the equal distribution of income.

The development does not only include the economic aspect, but it has a close relationship with the social and political contexts. It is beneficial for all the categories of people in society.

1. The concept of sustainable development

The question of development is as ancient as the history of humanity, but it did not get a great importance until the period after World War II,

The question is:

Why some become peoples rich while many others remain poor?

In this regard, the question of development becomes one of the important matters that received interest from researchers in various economic, legal, social, political, cultural and environmental fields, and global organizations, under United Nations Development Committees. It is considered as a right dedicated to all peoples, especially developing peoples.

Nations and peoples have differed in their views on development, whether in its means or its goals. Therefore there are different views concerning development between capitalism and socialism.

The Islam insists on the values of man who need development as précised in Verse (55) Verse of Surat Yusuf

The development process must be in accordance with effective and realistic strategies and providing the natural climate for positive human upbringing, which is one of the most important tributaries that provide society with the most important element of development, which is the positive human element and good, active citizenship.

The development needs the intervention of people and means in order to achieve and progress. National development is a voluntary, dynamic, intervention process by the state that contributes to achieve inside and outside conditions. It is a process of

intentional and directed change that has certain specifications aiming to satisfy human needs. The development process is boosted by strong economic and political systems.²¹

Development means also a dynamic process that consists of a series of structural and functional changes in society and occurs as a result of intervention and the using of available resources according to scientific and new strategies for the future, in order to increase the effectiveness of its members to the maximum.²²

According to the United Nations, development means the various governmental and private efforts and operations through which the efforts of citizens and the government can be united to improve economic, social and cultural conditions in local communities, and to help them integrate into social life to contribute to its progress.²³

The Arab Human Development Report for 2002 asserted that human development can be defined simply as the process of expanding options. Every day humans exercise multiple choices, economic, social, political and cultural. These efforts are to expand the scope of every human being's choices in all fields of human fields.²⁴

The goal of economic development is to improve the standard of living of members of society which characterized economic development after World War II. It excludes projects and policies that fight poverty and improve the lives of poors and their living conditions.

International development projects helps to develop the basic investments in human capital such as local health and education programs being greatly reduced. These types of economic development served as a driving force for the sustainable development movement.

For the first time, the term sustainable development appeared in the Brandt Land Report, which defined it as the process that meets the needs of current generations without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs.”²⁵

From the definition, the following elements of sustainable development contains the following elements:

- The economic component by achieving economic growth and equitable distribution of resources and wealth.
- The political element through achieving the components of the state of rights and law and laying the foundations for the independence of the judiciary and the administration of justice.
- The social element, by achieving social development among various segments of society.
- The security element, by achieving the idea of comprehensive human security
- The environmental element, through preserving and protecting the environment.
- The spatial element through achieving a geographical regional balance between cities, rural areas and urban development.

It can be said that development is based on two factors: an intellectual and material factors which are in a mutual and permanent interaction that leads to the progress. The methods and hypotheses of science create favourable opportunities for technological innovation and economic development, so that it can be said that material development must be preceded by a systematic, intellectual, scientific development that is inherent to it, and the progress of technological progress would create enthusiasm for scientific research to discover more technologies.

Moreover, development is considered as a process carried out by popular sectors, private and public, with the aim of creating a comprehensive change that elevates society to the ranks of advanced, civilized nations. Therefore, it is the transformation of the social economic structure.²⁶

Although the Arab countries have many opportunities and potentials, they face unprecedented challenges in their quest to increase rates of economic development. The data issued by international institutions, as well as United Nations reports on the performance of countries with regard to achieving development goals; indicate a decline in their development. Arab countries require reconsidering the mechanisms used to achieve economic development in follow the ways to benefit from the available opportunities.

International experiences in the field of economic development have proven that the success of the state in achieving the desired development goals does not depend only on the provision and allocation of natural and material resources, It relies also on the investment of human capital, or what is called in contemporary studies the term “intangible capital.” It includes human resources, technological and organizational skills, and social capital as a result of effective participation among all members of the society. In addition to achieve the need for security and stability that supports development goals.²⁷

Security and development are the pillars of prosperity. Neither security alone nor development alone can be achieved

There is no doubt that prosperity lies in development accompanied by social stability and tranquillity, and that the individual’s life, honour, and money are not subject to danger. A few Arab countries achieved certain standards of development including Algeria.²⁸

In this context, social security has become a main concern of human and civilizational value that was transmitted by thinkers, specialists, and workers in the social field .In addition the term security has expanded to include multiple concepts that overlap with all life situations as social, economic, and political reform, achieving justice, equality, freedom, sustainable development that the individuals need in their daily life.²⁹

In the end, it can be said that the extreme importance of security in Arab society, and the fact that its availability is an important factor in society’s seeking of growth, development and advancement.

The sever punishments should be imposed to stop severe crimes in order to preserve human security from killing, aggression, intimidation perpetrated by through criminal gangs which make public security threatened.³⁰

Development security means providing the internal and external safety and stability that pave the way to the development process, in which guarantees are available to achieve its goals, at the macro level that includes the state and society, and at the micro level related to the security of institutions, organizations, and individuals .

These definitions of development include several elements:

- The necessary requirements to provide reassurance and stability,
- An attractive and environment for the development process,
- Guarantees that ensure continued development,
- The overall level that includes the state and society,
- The micro level related to the security of organizations, institutions, and individuals working in the development process. The security services have a pivotal role, as they are charged with implementing the provisions of the law and imposing punishment on violators.³¹

2. Human security and development in Islamic law

Islamic Law came with its tolerant teachings, principles, and purposes to preserve people's religion, provide their dignity, protect their rights and their and life. It also guides them to what will benefit them in their religion and their life. Security is a need for all people, as it is what gives them stability, safety, and development, necessary for good existence. Therefore, all peoples of the world need stability and security.³²

The process of understanding the concept of human security is the opposite of fear.

Therefore, it becomes clear that security represents one of the most important pillars of needs which lead to self-realization. That is to say, a person needs security and safety from the attacks of criminals, tyrants, weather fluctuations, and from earthquakes. The concept of security is no longer just a individual problem. but its dimensions extend to various fields of life.³³

The Islamic vision of security has gone beyond the importance of social security, the human right, to make it a divine obligation, a legal duty, and one of the necessities for the integrity. This special Islamic view establish the elements of social security to preserve the religion.³⁴

The legitimacy of security in Islam comes from the God's Revelation in Surah Al-Baqarah, verse (208)³⁵

The call of God Almighty for all people to enter into peace and security, confirms the meaning of security in Islam, and determines its legitimacy and status. According to Islam the security is established for the good of humanity and the enjoyment of tranquillity.

Islam considers security to be a blessing because it is one of the most important factors of happiness of human beings in life, through which they protect themselves from the temptations of chaos and the injustices of evil, and under its principles they enjoy the pleasures of calm, stability and safety. The Holy Quran has referred to Abraham's call to his Lord, peace be upon him, to grant Mecca security and tranquillity as it is mentioned in Surat Al-Baqarah, verse (126).

The Messenger, may God bless him and grant him peace, called for every action that creates security and reassurance in the souls of Muslims, and forbade every action that spreads fear and terror in the Muslim community.³⁶

Prophet may God bless him and grant him peace asked Almighty God to secure Him from fear and terror.³⁷

God has promised the believers security in their lives if they prefer guidance over misguidance, piety over disobedience, truth over falsehood, self-control over injustice and injustice as enclosed in Surah Al-An'am, verse (82).

Also Almighty God promised those who believe do righteous deeds that will the successors in the land.³⁸

The meaning of security in Islam emanates from effective practice and renewed activity provides the opportunity to review oneself, correct the defect, and rearrange the situation.³⁹

3. The human security and development in contemporary society

The need for security is a basic need for life and the development of the land upon which God Almighty has appointed the children of Adam. The lack of security leads to anxiety and fear, prevents stability and construction, which leads to the collapse of societies

In light of the current international changes, the term national security has become widespread in the human sciences, which expresses the national security of the contemporary state. Many opinions and theories have emerged about the concept of national security, and its foundations. In that sense, a special vocabulary has emerged, such as strategic security based on theories of potential dangers, proactive action, and managing crises. The definition of security according to this concept, as reported by the British Encyclopædia Britannica, means protecting the nation from danger while some researchers define security as the means to preserve the nation's right to existence.⁴⁰

This concept is developed in the field of International Law such as human rights and international collective security. After the Cold War the term security began to crystallize as a concept with its own independent meaning.⁴¹

Since the 1990s, Security faces new challenges, especially those related to economic development. The concept of human security, which aims to ensure the security of individuals, is expended to cover the security of the individual, and the social community at all..⁴²

American jurist Noam Chomsky defines the new world order as a system based on the control of the powers over the world economy. According to him, United States

and other western countries try to control the world through military power and economy.⁴³

The availability of security and protection for a person is a human right since ancient times. Security is not limited to protecting oneself from assault, but many things are included in the meaning of security, such as protection from fear and the implementation of human rights: housing, education, and medicine. Certain countries including Algeria, have introduced the notion of food security food security in their programs, in order to provide food, and social security.⁴⁴

The International Human Development Commission of 1994 examines closely the conditions of human development in the world. The concept, which has now become the preoccupation of modern countries, focuses on the internal conditions that must be present to ensure the personal, political and social security of individuals, which includes political participation. In addition to freedom of access to food, health care, education, housing, and human rights protection.⁴⁵

Since the beginning of the year 2002, the first Arab Human Development Report mentioned the challenges facing Arab countries in the era of globalization. The United Nations Development Program with the contribution of about 100 specialized experts and academics defined human security as the liberation of man from the severe, widespread, time-extended, and wide-ranging threats to his life. They identified seven elements that cause fragility of political and social structures in the Arab region:

- 1-The economic security which is threatened by poverty.
- 2-The food security which is threatened by hunger and famine,
- 3-The health security which is threatened by forms of harm and diseases,
- 4-The environmental security is threatened by pollution and resource depletion.
- 5-The personal security threatened by crime and violence
- 6-The political security which is threatened by repression.
- 7The social security which is threatened by ethnic, sectarian, and other conflicts.⁴⁶

In a report issued by the United Nations Development Program in 1999 entitled: "Globalization with a Human Face," the report emphasized that despite the enormous opportunities that globalization offers for human progress in all fields due to the rapid transfer of knowledge, the transfer of modern technology, and the freedom of movement of goods and services. On the other hand, it imposes enormous risks on human security in the twenty-first century, and these risks will affect individuals in rich and poor countries alike. The report identified seven basic challenges that threaten human security which are:

- 1- Financial instability: A prominent example of this is the financial crisis in Southeast Asia in mid-1997, and the global financial crisis in 2008.
2. Lack of job security and income instability as global competition policy has pushed governments and employees to follow more flexible job policies characterized by the absence of any contracts or job guarantees.

3. Lack of health security due to the freedom of movement which are linked to the ease of transmission and spread of diseases
4. Lack of cultural safety during the globalization process which is based on the mixing of cultures.
5. Lack of personal security which represented by the spread of organized crime.
6. Lack of environmental safety as the danger stems from modern inventions that have extremely dangerous side effects on the environment.
7. Lack of political and societal security added by globalization through conflicts.⁴⁷

Achieving the security in Arab countries requires comprehensive reform in government public policies, especially development, economic and trade policies, to ensure that the access to international markets, increase their share in global trade and the ability to obtain advanced technology.⁴⁸

It is worth noting in this regard that achieving stability in society in its positive sense is an integral part of governments want to establish effective social and development policies that provide the well-being and freedom for human. However, the realistic evidence confirms the existence of a clear flaw in the social and development policies pursued by those countries which undoubtedly leads to worsening conditions in those societies.

Conclusion

At the end of this study, we would like to precise that there are many challenges facing Arab societies that can only be overcome by collaboration and working together to achieve goals in various field such as political, economic and security.

In fact there is no real transformation without security on the ground, as they alone are an indicator of the required development.

The subject of development policies, and economic security is one of the thorny topics that have not yet been resolved, despite the many national and international scientific forums and seminars organized on this matter, which they didn't reach an agreement on these concepts and determine their social priorities. Society is considered as modern when it is characterized by security. Justice, equality and development, in which human rights are preserved and crimes are prevented.

The new challenges for the security services to keep pace with local and international changes by the effective means to reach the main goals.

From what has been said, the concept of comprehensive security emerged to add other responsibilities to the security services and to deepen their role in serving society, to enrich it with a new dimensions.

At the end of this study, we present some recommendations derived from this study in order to support the development security process in the Arab world, which are as follows:

- Updating the work capabilities of the various security services, learning about technological and scientific progress, and adopting the new methods of combating crime.

- Benefiting from people competencies and experience.
- Develop a strategic plan for security training in coordination with the state's comprehensive development strategy.
- Providing a business environment that attracts international investments.
- Establishing a national information system that helps identify security problems that could impede the national economic development
- Developing cooperation between Arab and international economic institutions to exchange experiences and information in the field of economy.

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