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The Legal Framework for University Sports Practice and Ways to Develop and Enhance Its Effectiveness in Algerian Higher Education and Scientific Research Institutions – An Analytical Study –

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Abstract:

This paper aims to highlight the importance of the legal aspect enshrined in Algerian legislation and its important role in organizing students' exercise of sports at university. We have highlighted, presented and analyzed the most important legal and organizational texts using the analytical descriptive curriculum appropriate to the nature of the subject.

We have concluded that these legal and regulatory texts in their entirety encourage students to engage in various sports activities organized in the university environment or in which institutions of higher education participate, disseminate their practice and promote, promote and develop them, and oblige various actors to contribute.

Keywords: university sport; University sports student; University sports talent; Elite sport and high level; Algerian law.

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1. INTRODUCTION

University sports, through various physical and sporting activities, and the organization that is proposed to students in various Algerian higher education and scientific research institutions or in which these institutions participate, is one of the important means., It is an opportunity to communicate, integrate, build relationships, share experiences and learn the right and socially desirable habits to achieve a psychological, emotional and social balance necessary for university life, success and excellence, In its various educational, psychological, social, health and cultural dimensions, especially since these sports activities of students are competitive or non-competitive (Recreational) Combined with a lot of fun feelings, enthusiasm, love and a great inclination to practice it which makes sport itself one of the most important means of instilling the desired human and social values in the student's personality, Perhaps the most important is self-esteem and respect for others, integrity and sportsmanship, tolerance. integration, pride, excellence... and other positive values, thus making him a constructive dependant of the society in which he lives in particular by disseminating and defending these positive values among members of society. This is what the Algerian Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research pointed out. "Kamal Badari" during his inauguration with the Minister of Youth and Sports, During the 2024-2025 university sports season, Abdul Rahman Hamad stressed the importance of the social role of university sports and the social role that universities play through these competitions, highlighting the importance of university sports and their development on a vast scale. (Algerian News Agency's, 2024-2025) which gives the utmost importance to addressing such important subjects in several aspects, including the legal aspect.

University sport is defined as a competitive or non-competitive on-campus sport aimed at promoting health, social communication and institutional representation at regional and global sporting events. (Garcia, H. & Lee, S., 2023, p56) They are organized sports programs sponsored by universities and colleges and run within organizational frameworks such as national sports federations, aimed at integrating sports competition with the educational mission, while providing opportunities for sports and academic excellence for students (Smith, 2020, p45) It is organized and implemented in Algeria through coordination between two basic sectors: the higher education and scientific research sector, the youth sports sector and relevant sports institutions, such as the National Federation for University Sports, the State University Sports Association, and active university sports associations and clubs.



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The overall goal of university sports is to promote, disseminate and develop university sports, provide elite and high-level sports talent for university sports, and provide comprehensive and integrated care and support.

The detection, sponsorship and comprehensive and integrated care of university sports talent is the fundamental pillar of the elite and high-level athlete industry. participation in various regional and international competitions; to achieve positive mathematical results, and to continue to do so for as long as possible, This achieves the continued representation of Algerian sport in regional and international forums, as well as the country's continued honour. This is one of the basic goals that all parties concerned with university sports in Algeria are working to achieve, especially when looking at human capabilities in the field of higher education and scientific research, especially on the part of students. The total number of students enrolled in universities during the 2024/2025 academic year is 1,530,230 students in 117 higher education institutions registered with the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research., in addition to 74 institutions under pedagogical supervision of higher education, including public and private institutions (Official site for the Ministry of Higher Education and Research in Science, 2024-2025). These official figures increase the importance of addressing such very important topics ", especially since these human energies represent the elite of Algerian society and its prosperous future, In case of care and care in all respects, including the educational and sporting aspects, this creates an educational atmosphere that helps to achieve learning, excellence, creativity and sustainable innovation. in order to achieve both educational excellence and sporting excellence and interaction between them, university sport has an active role to play.

In fact, however, the proportion of students' participation in various university sports remains modest and low compared to the large number of students enrolled in various Algerian higher education institutions, as mentioned earlier. This was confirmed by the Algerian Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research, Kamel Badari, when he said that the participation rate of students in various university sports for the 2022/2023 academic season was 4% to jump the participation ratio to 12% in the 2023/2024 academic season, a total of more than 131 thousand students practising university sport, and the Ministry also set its sights on raising the participation rate of students in university sports activation (Official website of the Algerian News Agency, 2024)

To ensure access to all the goals of university sports, especially those determined by law, all university sports federations, sports clubs and governmental bodies in the field of university sports are subject to a set of laws., during its establishment, organization and functioning to general provisions as well as special provisions applicable to them. Perhaps one of the most important of these general provisions is the provisions of Act No. 12-06 on associations, Which contains the conditions and the ways in which the associations are established, organized, conducted and applied. and its resources, as well as its Basic Law, as referred to in article 27, which spoke of the points to be included in the Basic Law of Associations (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2012, No. 02). This is so that it can play its role legally, orderly and responsibly, which necessarily leads to the achievement of its legally defined objectives in the event that it is adhered to and applied properly, correctly and fully, and to this end provides all material and human potential.

To ensure access to all the goals of university sports, especially those determined by law, all university sports federations, sports clubs and governmental bodies in the field of university sports are subject to a set of laws. while emphasizing the need to keep pace with the provision of material resources. (financial, means, equipment, sports facilities) and human (qualified and specialized for their revitalization and organization) Necessary, appropriate and sufficient to achieve this, especially in view of the significant shortage of university institutions in sports facilities necessary and necessary to implement all these positive things brought about by the laws and regulations in force in this vital field. The following problems arise: **What is the legal framework established by Algerian legislation to regulate the exercise of university sport In what ways can it be improved and its effectiveness increased in universities and scientific research centres?**

This issue also emerged to explain two more detailed questions:

- What are the legal and regulatory provisions governing university sports in Algeria?
- What are the most prominent legal means specified by Algerian law to support, disseminate, develop and efficiently university sports in institutions of higher education and scientific research?

We used to answer the problem and examined the analytical descriptive approach. legal and regulatory provisions governing university sport in Algeria and their description, Highlighting, presenting and analysing the most important recent



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texts and amendments, with a view to identifying the most important legal provisions that have been adopted to regulate sports in university settings; It is important to learn about the main legal mechanisms established by legislation in Algeria in order to promote and introduce university sports, in addition to the ways in which they can be developed and increased in effectiveness within institutions of higher education and scientific research.

In an attempt to answer this problem and the questions arising therefrom, we have adopted a bilateral plan, addressing the first key element: Legal and organizational texts governing university sport within the sports sector. This component is divided into two sub-components, the first sub-element of which we have addressed: The legal texts regulating university sport within the sports sector, and the second subsection touched upon it: the organizational texts regulating university sport within the sports sector. The second key element of this paper is: the legal and regulatory texts governing university sport within the sector of higher education and scientific research, which in turn is divided into two subsections, the first subset of which we have discussed: Laws regulating university sports in higher education and scientific research. In the second subpart, texts that regulate university sports in the field of higher education and scientific research are addressed. In the end, we completed this paper with a conclusion where we answered the question posed by highlighting the most prominent results that emerged, and presenting a set of suggestions, in addition to suggesting areas of research worth exploring.

2. Legal and Regulatory Acts and Basic Laws Governing University Sport within the Sports Sector:

In this first major element, two sub-components, we will address the first sub-element in which we address the legal texts governing university sport within the sports sector, and the second element in which we speak on the regulatory texts of university sport within the sports sector, both directly and indirectly.

2.1 Legal texts regulating university sport within the sports sector:

We will address Law No. 13-05, as amended and completed, through its analysis and development of the most important legal mechanisms relating to university sport and its promotion, dissemination, development and effectiveness on the ground.

2.1.1 Act No. 13-05, It aims to organize and develop sporting activities, both modified and complementary:

This Act has been amended by Ordinance No. 23-01, approved by Act No. 23-16 on November 05, 2023, with key provisions in Chapter II (School and university sports) Articles 22-24 and elsewhere:

- University sports, as stipulated in this law, means all sports activities organized within higher education institutions through competitions among university sports federations, supervised by the State University Sports Federation which manages their organization, develops university sports, and handles talent discovery and development in coordination with national sports federations. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39) Higher education institutions must allocate a quest size for students dedicated to elective sports practice, which must be provided with necessary sports facilities and equipment. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39)

Based on the provisions of articles 162 and 165 of Act No. 13-05, university sports include all activities organized in higher education institutions through federations supervised by the State University Sports Federation, with funding from the State, local authorities, public or private entities, and other legal sources. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39) Act No. 13-05, amended and supplemented, includes key provisions for organizing and developing university sports through legal measures that enhance student participation in sports activities both within and outside higher education institutions, while recognizing, planning, executing, monitoring, and assessing sports programs in collaboration with relevant sectors to promote physical activities in universities.

2.2 Organizational Texts for School Sport within the Sports Sector:

In this element, we have analysed a wide range of executive decrees, decisions and ministerial decisions governing school sport, either directly or indirectly, and devised the most important legal mechanisms.

2.2.1 Executive Decree No. 06-133, Determine the requirements for establishing sports associations in educational institutions, including higher education and vocational training. It also includes organizing the work of these sports associations and their formation:

This Executive Decree defines university sports associations as legally recognized, autonomous university entities that develop sports, identify talent, and



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secure resources after approval and federation affiliation (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2006, No 22)

The promotion of university sports relies on establishing sports associations that legally enable student participation in coordination with the Ministry of Sports and Algerian Federation of University Sports, requiring financial and human support to effectively expand and strengthen these activities.

2.2.2 Executive Decree No. 14-330, defining the organization of national sports federations as well as their amended and completed Model Basic Law:

Amended by Executive Decrees No. 21-267 and No. 22-309, Executive Decree No. 14-330 issued under Articles 87, 88, 94, and 133 of Law No. 13-05—defines the organization of national sports federations and their Model Basic Law.

* Among the most important provisions of this amended and supplementary decree are the following:

- The National Sports Federation is established under Law No. 12-06 and operates based on criteria set jointly by the Ministers of Sports and Interior, encompassing all affiliated federations and clubs to organize its activities.. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2012, No 02) Here is a concise and professional one-sentence summary in English:

- * Under Law No. 13-05 and its governing texts, the National Sports Federation promotes sports development, youth education, ethical values, and good governance, while fostering social cohesion and national solidarity (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2014, No 69) Executive Decree No. 21-267 sets a four-year renewable term for Federal Office members, limiting the President to a maximum of two terms, whether consecutive or not. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2021, No 49) The amended Executive Decree No. 22-309 requires higher education credentials for top sports federation roles and adds a university sports expert to the General Assembly. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2022, No 62)

These reforms aim to strengthen the National Sports Federation's legal and strategic goals by raising educational standards and integrating academic expertise from university sports professionals, enhancing both practical efficiency and long-term impact.

2.2.3. Executive Decree No. 15-340, concerning the non-combination of executive, electoral and administrative responsibility in sports organizational and activation structures, modified and completed:

Executive Decree No. 21-60, issued on February 8, 2021, amends Articles 3 and 4 of Decree No. 15-340 to reinforce the separation of administrative, executive, and electoral functions from the activities of sports organizations at all levels. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2015, No 70). This follows Article 62 of Law No. 13-05, which has been changed and updated. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39)

As a result, all sports organizations, including university sports bodies, must comply with amended Executive Decree No. 15-340 to clarify responsibilities, allowing officials to focus fully on developing their sports disciplines effectively.

2.2.4. Executive Decree No. 16-02, Establishing the duties of the National Committee for Excellent and Elite Sports, recognizing sports abilities, and coordinating their training and management:

In line with Article 116 of Act No. 13-05, the amended Article 110 assigns the National Commission for Elite and High-Level Sport and Sports Talent Detection the role of advising on the development of elite sports and the enhancement of talent identification and nurturing mechanisms. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39) In this capacity, Executive Decree No. 16-02:

- The National Commission for Elite and High-Level Sport (NCSC) makes suggestions and recommendations to facilitate the emergence and assurance of sports talent (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2016, No 01)

Though advisory, the National Commission unites stakeholders to identify and support university athletes as future elite talents, combining development and identification to highlight the need for funding university sports and enhancing Algeria's regional and international presence.

2.2.5. Executive Decree No. 16.153, establishing the basic legal provisions for elected volunteer athletes, amended and completed:

Amended and supplemented by Executive Decree No. 22-310, amending Articles 12 and 13 of Decree No. 16-153 under Article 59 of Act No. 13-05, reinforces the role of volunteer sports programs in youth education by mandating the development of specialized training, advancement of sports activities, and engagement in research related to physical and sporting practices. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2016, No 32)



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Therefore, candidates for Sports Facilitator must comply with Executive Decree No. 16-153, governing university sports organizations at all levels while providing unpaid service focused on advancing sports specialization—particularly university sport—through active contributions to scientific research and development.

2.2.6. Executive Order No. 10-27, regarding the National Fund aimed at Supporting Youth Initiatives and Sports Activity:

- Under current laws and regulations, university sports funding is supported by the State, local authorities, and public/private institutions (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39) The most important provisions of this Executive Decree include:

- This fund supports the State's efforts by advancing sports development, overseeing resource allocation, planning physical and financial support for talent, facilitating training, providing equipment to associations, and managing prizes and rewards. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2010, No 04)

And other This Executive Decree provides financial and material support to sports organizations like the State Association and Algerian Federation of University Sport to develop university sports, nurture talents, and remedy resource deficiencies in venues, equipment, and funding across higher education institutions.

2.2.7. Executive Decree No. 96-123, defining the type and extent of support provided by the state and local governments for financing state resources that encourage youth activities and sports participation:

* The provisions of this Executive Decree include the following:

- The funding for state funds, which is 7%, comes from local direct taxes collected by states and municipalities. These state funds help with various tasks that allow the state to operate effectively, they assist in financing sporting events, projects related to youth and sports, and provide support for sports organizations. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 1996, No 22)

Other provisions of Executive Decree No. 96-123 require local authorities to support university sports associations and talents financially and materially, but current resources remain insufficient, demanding immediate improvements in funding, facilities, and equipment. We thus propose modifying Executive Decree No. 96-123 through a 7% funding increase to address persistent shortages, enhance university sports growth, and reinforce Algeria's competitive standing.

2.2.8. Executive Decree No. 15-74, establishing the provisions and the Model Basic Law applicable to the amateur and complete sports club:

Amended and supplemented by Executive Decree No. 16-241 of 21 September 2016 amends Decree No. 15-74 under Article 76 of Act No. 13-05 to regulate amateur sports clubs and define their model statutes. Among the provisions of this amended and supplementary decree are:

- The Amateur Sports Club is a non-profit entity governed by Acts No. 12-06 and 13-05, as well as the provisions of the amended Executive Decree and its Basic Law. (Official Gazette of the Algerian Republic, 2015, No 11)
- Establishing non-profit sports clubs and associations in universities is key to revitalizing campus life, as they promote students' physical health, personal development, and social well-being while playing a vital role in organizing and sustaining university sports activities.

2.2.9. Executive Order No. 16-84, defining the authority of the Minister of Youth and Sports:

-A responsibility of the Minister for Sport is to oversee how well national sports federations, associations, and sports clubs follow the relevant laws and rules. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 39) According to Article the Minister of Youth and Sports oversees all sports matters, plans for elite sport development, ensures implementation, and sets methods for identifying and nurturing young talent. talent. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2016, No 13) It is evident that the Minister of Youth and Sports holds key powers to promote university sports through collaboration, aiming to support talent and ensure national and institutional representation in regional and international events.

2.2.10. Executive Decree No. 16-85 outlines how the Ministry of Youth and Sports' Central Administration is structured:

* The Central Department of Youth and Sports includes the General Directorate of Sport which plans, implements, monitors, and evaluates university sports programs through three sub-directorates, including one for talent detection and data, The department responsible for sports in education has duties to recognize, plan, execute, monitor, and assess sports initiatives in educational settings through two sub-divisions:

- The Sub-Directorate for Sports in Education develops and implements university sports programs, The Directorate of Institutional Monitoring proposes sports initiatives, ensures plan implementation, and supports talent development..



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(Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2016, No 13) The General Sports Directorate, under the Minister, supports the National Sports Strategy by promoting university athletics, aiding student associations, and coordinating with higher education, research bodies, and the Algerian Federation of University Sports.

2.2.11. Executive Decree No. 16-86 focuses on the creation, structure, and operation of a general inspectorate within the Ministry of Youth and Sports:

* Some of the key aspects of this Executive Decree include:

- The Minister for Youth and Sports tasked the General Inspectorate, under Article 17 of Executive Decree No. 90-188, with providing opinions and suggestions to develop sports organizations and improve the laws and regulations governing the sector. (Official Gazette of the Algerian Republic, 2016, No 13)

From this perspective, The General Inspectorate plays a crucial role in providing suggestions to enhance sports organizations, including university clubs, while contributing to the improvement and updating of legal frameworks governing university sports to ensure efficiency and keep pace with rapid growth.

2.2.12. Executive Order No. 06-345, which defines the guidelines for the setup and operation of the youth and sports departments in the states:

* This highlights the key role of the Higher Education Ministry's representative in the National Sports Strategy, working with the Ministry of Sports and the Algerian University Sports Federation to identify young talents and promote university sports through research and development, A joint decision by ministers will implement the rules outlined in Article 4 of this Executive Decree. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2006, No 61) which will oversee the priorities of the State Directorate of Youth and Sports. Four (4) interests will be managed by the Director within the State Directorate of Youth and Sports. The Physical Education and Sport Department is made up of three offices. These include the Office for Physical Education and Sport Development, the Office for Identifying and Training Young Sports Talents, and the Office for Sports Associations and Events. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2007, No 22) Thus, the state's youth and sports directorates fulfill their legal duties by promoting and developing university sports through local associations, supporting talent and teams, providing resources, and coordinating with higher education institutions and the Algerian Federation of University Sports.

2.2.13. Joint ministerial decision, setting out the criteria for the establishment of the National Sports Federation:

This joint ministerial decision, in accordance with Article 70 of Executive Decree No. 14-330, sets the standards for establishing the National Sports Federation without affecting existing laws, particularly Act No. 12-06. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2016, No 2016)

2.2.14. Decision, which involves participants from the National Commission for Elite and High-Level Sport along with the Identification of Sports Talent:

* This choice complies with Article 5 of Executive Decree No. 16-02, mandating a four-year committee term including representatives from Higher Education, the Sports Ministry's Director, relevant sports federation presidents, two elite athletes, and the Director of Dely Brahim's Higher School of Sports Sciences and Technologies. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2023, No 60)

2.2.15. Rules and regulations that oversee university athletics in the area of higher education and research:

This The second key aspect includes legal rules regulating university sports in higher education and research, as well as organizational documents related directly and indirectly to university sports in that sector.

3. Legal texts regulating university sport within the sector of higher education and scientific research:

Law No. 99-05, amended and supplemented by Law No. 08-06, will address this element by analysing them and developing the most important legal mechanisms for university sport.

3.1 Law Number 99-05, which includes the Higher Education Policy Act, was revised and added to:

* Among the basic provisions of this Law, which concerns university sports, we find:

- A student shall be considered a higher education candidate when regularly enrolled in an institution requiring at least a baccalaureate or equivalent foreign certificate, thereby qualifying for various services including sports and enjoying association membership rights under applicable legislation. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 1999, No 24)

What can be inferred from the basic provisions of the Amended and Completed Higher Education Directive Act In the case of sports activities in university settings, despite their importance in student life and their positive impact on aspects of the



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student's personality, which have been confirmed by many scientific studies, in particular their positive impact on educational performance and quality, Concluding that the reference to it in this guideline law, although amended and supplemented, was modest and in a very simple space that does not reflect the importance and place that university sport has come to occupy in student life, especially in advanced and scientifically developed countries, Therefore, Algerian legislators must amend the higher education law to expand legal provisions for university sports, ensuring promotion, development, and student participation.

3.2 Organizational texts for university sport within the sector of higher education and scientific research:

We have addressed a series of executive decrees, ministerial decisions and decisions governing university sport, both directly and indirectly, through their analysis and development of the most important legal mechanisms relating thereto.

3.2.1 Executive Decree No. 13-77, defining the powers of the Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research:

One of the key sections of Executive Decree No. 13-77 regarding university sports includes: the authority of the Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research extends to all actions concerning the advancement of higher education and scientific research. Specifically, the Minister is responsible for: promoting active sports involvement within institutions of higher education. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2013, No 08) Through this Executive Decree, we conclude that the Minister must activate various higher education development activities, including university sports, by providing necessary resources (financial, equipment, facilities) and human capabilities (qualified personnel). This requires awareness campaigns highlighting sports' educational benefits through scientific studies and real student success stories, using events like seminars and workshops to encourage participation and demonstrate sports' impact on academic and professional development.

3.2.2 Executive Decree Number 21-134 outlines how the Central Administration of the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research is organized:

* The terms of this Executive Decree regarding university sports cover these points: The Central Department of the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research, operating under the authority of the Minister, encompasses the following aspects:

The following structures, including those for university sport, feature the Directorate of Student Life which promotes student sports activities with relevant bodies, maintains a sports associations register, and through its four sub-directorates follows up on sports activation while supporting university sports associations' establishment. (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2021, No 27) The structure of the main administration in the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research shows the Directorate of Student Life coordinates university sports development with relevant sectors through its Sub-Directorate of Activation, supporting associations crucial for advancing sports and implementing national strategy, The Algerian legislature connects sports activities with a student's life at the university center. within a directorate called the Directorate of Student Life. This is to show that the student's life in the university community has many areas to live and that the perpetrators have to provide and care about it. education, food, transport, accommodation, health and psychosocial follow-up, insurance and social security.

3.2.3 A collective decision made by ministers, outlining how the central administration of the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research is organized into offices:

*This joint ministerial decision is in accordance with the provisions of article 11 of Executive Decree No. 21-134, which states, inter alia, that " The Sub-Directorate for University Revitalization consists of two offices: one for activities... Sports... Student Association Movement Office... (Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, 2021, No 75) It is clear from the Joint Ministerial Decision that the Sub-Directorate for Revitalization in the University Community contains two offices (for student sports activities and sports associations) but lacks a talent discovery office, necessitating an amendment to establish one.

3.2.4 Decision No. 205, defines the concept and levels of classification of university sports students and their rights and duties:

* Included in this resolution's terms: The University Sports Student is defined as every university student participating in sports activities through university clubs/teams and events supervised by the Ministries of Higher Education and Youth/Sports, classified into three athletic levels (high-level, elite, practicing) with specified rights and duties, (Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research, 2023) And other positive things brought by this resolution, which we see as an excellent addition to the further activation of university sport.



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4. CONCLUSION

The importance of the legal and regulatory framework governing university sport in Algeria is reflected in the various legal mechanisms adopted by Algerian legislation for the development and promotion of this vital area. Among the main results obtained are the following:

-There is a rich body of legal and regulatory texts, but scattered among a number of sports sectors and structures. The aim is to organize the exercise, promotion, dissemination, development and effectiveness of university sport in Algeria's higher education and scientific research institutions. The achievement of its objectives depends on a range of legal mechanisms, the most important of which are:

1- The Algerian Federation of University Sport, along with the State Association of University Sport and various university sports clubs, plays a significant role legally at all levels in promoting, developing, and ensuring effective field sports.

2- The Minister of Youth and Sports actively contributes to integrating, promoting, developing, and enhancing the effectiveness of university sports within the field under his legal authority.

3- The Directorate General of Sport, through its Youth Sports Talent, Elite Sport, and Higher-Level Division, especially the Sub-Directorate focusing on Education, Higher Education, Training, and Vocational Education, has a significant legal responsibility for integrating, promoting, developing, and ensuring the effectiveness of university sports.

4- The General Inspectorate within the Ministry of Youth and Sports plays an important legal role in the integration, promotion, development, and effectiveness of university sports on the ground.

5- At the local level, the youth and sports directorates of the states hold an essential legal position concerning the integration, promotion, development, and effectiveness of university sports.

6- In the amended comprehensive higher education regulatory law, there is a minimal reference to university sports, which is not substantial in terms of legal framework.

7- The Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research has utilized his legal authority to significantly influence the integration, promotion, development, and effectiveness of university sports.

8- The Directorate of Student Life, through its sub-directorates, in particular the Sub-Directorate of University Revitalization, has an active legal role in the

mainstreaming, promotion, promotion, development and effectiveness of university sports.

9- To acquire the status of University Sports Student, which has an active legal role in the mainstreaming, promotion, promotion, development and effectiveness of university sports in the field;

10- It is crucial to create university sports organizations, enhance their functions, and supply them with resources and personnel. This is one of the key legal tools that aid in promoting, spreading, and improving university sports, making it more effective in the field.

We therefore offer proposals, through which we aim to enhance and increase the effectiveness of university sport and its promotion and development in Algeria, namely:

1- The need for all actors to comply with all legal provisions governing university sport in Algeria and to ensure that they are effectively and efficiently reflected on the ground, so that they do not remain on paper;

2- All legal and regulatory texts, ministerial decisions and basic laws governing university sport should be grouped into a single legal compilation called the "Algerian University Sports Code", so that they can be easily accessed and applied,

- It is essential to supply both physical resources, like financial support, sports facilities, and sports tools and equipment, as well as human resources, meaning qualified personnel who can activate and organize activities, to ensure the execution of all laws and regulations relating to university sports,

4- The perspective of those responsible for carrying out the National Strategy for University Sport in Algeria should advance alongside the rapid progress of the associated laws and regulations,

5- It is important to educate everyone involved in higher education and scientific research, especially students, about the significance and numerous advantages of university sports, while also highlighting the talents and accomplishments of successful university athletes in both academic and practical contexts,

6- There is a necessity to create a digital archive within the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research to store all information about university sports talents, allowing for better tracking, support, growth, and guidance of their athletic journeys,

7- A digital platform should be established at the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research to handle all aspects related to university sports,



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8- Laws and regulations regarding university sports need to be enhanced and updated to align with global sports developments and the adoption of contemporary technologies, including the use of various relevant artificial intelligence applications,

9- The need to establish a National Committee for Intersectoral Coordination (Sports Sector, Higher Education Sector, Scientific Research Sector, National Education Sector) and the relevant sports bodies and structures in order to mainstream, promote and develop both university and school sports, in particular in order to ensure continued follow-up and assurance of school sports talents that have been transferred to university.

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- Act Number 99-05, dated 18 Dhu al-Hijjah 1419, which matches April 4, 1999, includes the revised and additional Higher Education Directive Act, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, Issue 24 of 1999.
- Act Number 08-06, dated 16 safer 1429, or February 23, 2008, modifies and adds to Act Number 99-05, which contains the guiding principles for Higher Education, listed in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, Issue 10 of 2008.

3. Regulatory texts:

- Decree No. 06-133, issued on 5 Rabi' I 1427, which corresponds to 4 April 2006, sets the criteria for forming sports associations within educational, higher education, and vocational training institutions, as well as their structure and

operations, as published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 22 in 2006.

- Decree No. 16-307, dated 28 Safar 1438, equivalent to 28 November 2016, outlines the compulsory physical and sports education methods for educational institutions. This was published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 70 in 2016.

- Decree No. 14-330, dated 4 Safar 1436, or 27 November 2014, establishes how national sports federations will be organized along with its revised and additional Basic Law Model, as reported in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 69 in 2014.

- Decree No. 21-267, dated 4 Dhu al-Qi'dah 1442, translating to 15 June 2021, revises and adds to Decree No. 14-330, which concerns the organization and operation of national sports federations and its Basic Law Model, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 49 in 2021.

- Decree No. 22-309, dated 15 Safar 1444, which equals 12 September 2022, modifies and supplements Decree No. 14-330, detailing the organization and functioning of national sports federations and its Basic Law Model, as found in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 62 in 2022.

- Decree No. 15-340, dated 16 Rabi' I 1437, corresponding to 28 December 2015, addresses the lack of integration of executive, electoral, and administrative duties within the structures responsible for organizing and enabling athletes, as stated in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 70 in 2015.

- Decree No. 16-02, dated 22 Rabi' I 1437, or 3 January 2016, clarifies the roles of the National Committee for Elite and High-Level Sport, along with how to discover, organize, and manage sports talent, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 01 in 2016.

- Decree No. 16-153, dated 16 Sha'ban 1437, which is equivalent to 23 May 2016, establishes legal provisions concerning elected volunteer athletes, with modifications and additions, as recorded in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 32 in 2016.

- Decree No. 10-27, dated 26 Muharram 1431, corresponding to 12 January 2010, addresses the National Fund for the Promotion of Youth Initiatives and Sports Engagement, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 04 in 2010.



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- Decree No. 96-123, dated 18 Dhu al-Qi'dah 1416, which translates to 6 April 1996, establishes the nature and amount of contributions from the state and municipalities towards financing state funds for fostering youth initiatives and sports participation, as noted in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 22 in 1996.
- Decree No. 15-74, dated 26 Rabi' II 1436, or 16 February 2015, establishes the regulations and the Basic Law Model for amateur and fully functioning sports clubs, as published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 11 in 2015.
- Decree No. 16-84, dated 1 Jumada al-Awwal 1437, which corresponds to 1 March 2016, defines the authorities of the Minister of Youth and Sports, as published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 13 in 2016.
- Decree No. 16-85, dated 1 Jumada I 1437, or 1 March 2016, organizes the Central Directorate within the Ministry of Youth and Sports, as reported in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 13 in 2016.
- On March 1, 2016, corresponding to Jumadi I of 1437, Executive Decree No. 16-86 was issued. This decree sets up a general inspectorate within the Ministry of Youth and Sports and outlines its organization and operations. It was published in the Official Gazette of the Algerian Republic, No. 13 of 2016.
- On 5 Ramadan 1427, which falls on 28 September 2006, Executive Decree No. 06-345 was issued to set the regulations for how the State Directorates of Youth and Sports operate, as published in Official Gazette No. 61 of the Republic of Algeria for the year 2006.
- Issued on 30 January 2013, Executive Decree No. 13-77, dated 18 Rabi al-Awwal 1434, defines the responsibilities of the Minister of Higher Education and Scientific Research, noted in Official Gazette No. 08 of the Republic of Algeria for 2013.
- Executive Decree No. 21-134 was passed on 24 Sha'ban 1442, which is the same as 7 April 2021, to outline the regulations for the main administration of the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research, as recorded in Official Gazette No. 27 of the Republic of Algeria for 2021.

4. Joint ministerial and ministerial decisions:

- A decision made by multiple ministers on 5 March 2016, corresponding to 25 Jumadi I in 1437, was published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of

Algeria, No. 17 of 2016, and sets forth the requirements for creating the National Sports Federation.

- On 10 March 2007, a joint ministerial decision was issued, dated 20 safer in 1428, which organized the responsibilities of the state's Directorate of Youth and Sports, as seen in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 22 in 2007.

- A decision released on 20 July 2023, which falls on 2 Muharram of 1445, includes the members of the National Commission for Elite and Higher Sports as well as the Discovery of Sports Talent, published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 60 of 2023.

- A collective ministerial decision from 5 September 2021, equivalent to 27 Muharram 1443, outlines the structure of the central administration within the Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research and was recorded in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Algeria, No. 75 of 2021.

5. Internet websites:

- Decision No. 205 dated 23 October 2023, establishing the concept and levels of classification of university sports student and his rights and duties, sport + university [https://www.mesrs.dz/?s =](https://www.mesrs.dz/?s=), Date of view: 27/03/2025.

- Website of the Ministry for Higher Education and Scientific Research.: <https://www.mesrs.dz/index.php/agregats-ar-2024-2025-2>
Date of view 01/04/2025 19.

- Official website of the Algerian News Agency:
<https://www.aps.dz/ar/sport/164485-2024-07-01> Date of view: 04/04/2025.